Marion County is the largest county in Indiana and serves the highest percentage of Black students in the state, however, Black students are less likely than White students to meet early college success criteria or even enroll in college at all. While Marion County schools have made improvements, there is still more to be done to serve Black students as opportunity gaps abound. The data below show a brief snapshot of the landscape in Marion County for Black students and in some instances, Indiana overall.

UNCF is actively engaged in helping improve educational outcomes for all students in Indianapolis. To learn more about our K-12 Advocacy work, please go to uncf.org/k12advocacy.

### Student Demographics

36% | There are 11 school districts/corporations in Marion County that serve 36% of Black students.¹

41% | 41% of Black students attend public charter schools in Marion County, similar to the state average.²

### Educators and School Staff

The student-to-teacher ratio in Marion County is 14.8, compared to 15.7 for the state of Indiana.³

Indiana has an average student-to-counselor ratio of 486-1, that is nearly double the American School Counselor Association recommendation of 250-1.⁴

2% | Only 2% of Indiana teachers are Black.⁵

### Marion County Teacher and Student Demographics⁶

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Teachers</th>
<th>Students</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Discipline

Black students in Indiana are 4X more likely to receive an out-of-school suspension and 2X more likely to receive an in-school suspension than White students.7

According to a recent report, Black students in Marion County are twice as likely to be expelled and nine times more likely to be arrested at school than White students.8

COVID-19

More than $11M dollars in CARES Act funding went to students in Marion County to help in remote learning and training for teachers in August 2020. The Marion County Partnership Application was awarded the largest grant ($11,526,651)—among other counties in Indiana—to fund 11 public schools, 49 public charter schools and 31 non-public schools.9

The state of Indiana received $214,472,770 in Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding.10

Black and Hispanic students are much more likely to attend low-performing schools than White and Asian students. Since the COVID-19 pandemic, the percentage of Black students attending these schools increased from 57% in 2019 to 72% in 2020.11

Learning interruptions due to COVID-19 had a negative impact on all students but disproportionality impacted Black students whose saw an approximate 50% decline in achieving proficiency on the ILearn exams.12
4th and 8th grade Black students in Indiana scored between 25 and 30 points lower than White students, on average, in Reading and Math on the 2019 NAEP exams.\textsuperscript{13}

In 2019, only 24\% of Black students grades 3-8 in Marion County were proficient on the ILearn English exam and 22\% were proficient in Math.\textsuperscript{14}

By 10th grade, White students were 3X more likely as Black students in Marion County to be proficient in the Math iSTEP+ exam in 2019.\textsuperscript{15}

In Marion County, 77\% of Black high school seniors graduated, in comparison to 72\% of White students.\textsuperscript{16}

In 2019, 69\% of Black students in Marion County held the Core 40 Diploma status, which represents the basic core hours needed to graduate, as compared to 51\% of White students.\textsuperscript{17}

18\% of Black students received an Honors Diploma status compared to 43\% for White students.

In 2018, 24\% of Black students in Marion County took at least one AP exam while only 6.6\% passed their AP exams. In comparison, 47.4\% of White graduates took at least one AP exam with a 30.5\% pass rate.\textsuperscript{18}

\textbf{Marion County Advanced Placement (AP)}

\begin{table}[h]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline
 & Black Student & White Student \\
 & AP Exam Takers & AP Exam Takers & AP Pass Rate & AP Pass Rate \\
\hline
24\% & 47.4\% & 6.6\% & 30.5\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{table}

90% of Indianapolis Black parents in UNCF’s research see college as important for their child.  

76% of Black parents in Indianapolis believe educational improvement efforts in schools would be more effective with more Black leaders or Black-led organization involvement.

52% of Black Indianapolis parents and caregivers in UNCF’s study believe Black students do not receive access to the same opportunities as White students.

Upon entering college, Black students that graduated from schools in Marion County were 3X more likely than White students to require remediation (24% Black remediation rate compared to 8% for White students).

Black students were 2X less likely than White students to have met early college success criteria in Marion County.

50% of Black students in Marion County enrolled in college compared to 60% of White students.

**Indiana SAT-tested High School Graduates Meeting College and Career Readiness Benchmarks, 2021**

- Black: 24%
- White: 61%
- All: 55%
 Marion County is made up of 11 school corporations/districts, that include traditional public schools, charter schools, private schools, and Innovation Network Schools, which are autonomous schools that partner with Indianapolis Public Schools and are held accountable by the school district for achieving high academic goals and strong student achievement. Indianapolis is the county seat of Marion County.


U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics Common Core of Data (CCD) “Public Elementary/Secondary School Universe Survey” 2020-21 v.1a. Marion County is made up of 11 school corporations/districts, that include traditional public schools, charter schools, private schools, and Innovation Network Schools, which are autonomous schools that partner with Indianapolis Public Schools and are held accountable by the school district for achieving high academic goals and strong student achievement. Indianapolis is the county seat of Marion County.


Ibid.

Ibid.


Ibid.


"SAT Suite of Assessments Annual Report, Indiana, 2021.” https://reports.collegeboard.org/pdf/2021-indiana-sat-suite-assessments-annual-report.pdf Note: Graph reflects the percentages of students meeting both the SAT Math and Reading/Writing Benchmarks. The SAT Math benchmark is the section score associated with a 75% chance of earning at least a C in first-semester, credit-bearing, college-level courses in algebra, statistics, precalculus, or calculus. The SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW) benchmark is associated with a 75% chance of earning at least a C in first-semester, credit-bearing, college-level courses in history, literature, social science, or writing
To learn more about UNCF and how we advocate on behalf of students and families, go to UNCF.org/K-12advocacy

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