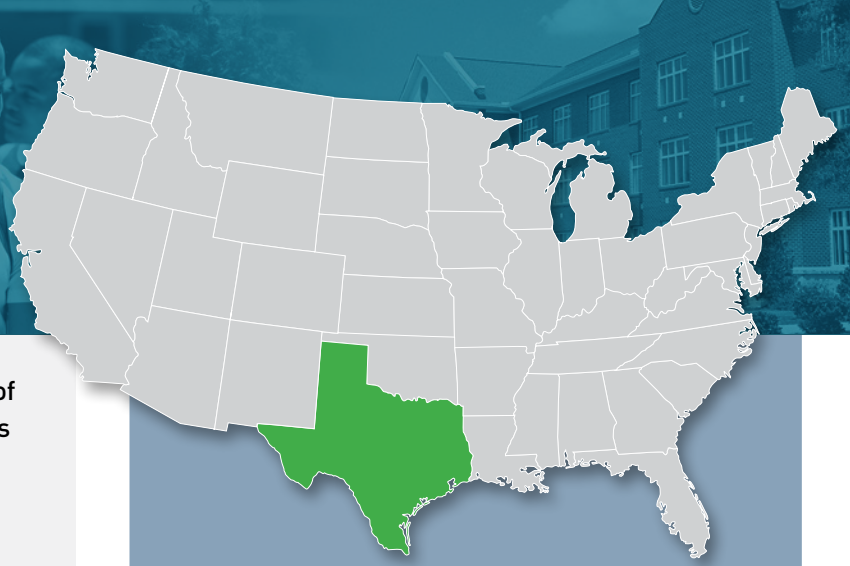


TEXAS



The positive educational and economic impact of Texas' HBCUs is large and lasting. The numbers (based on 2016 data) tell the story.

KEY STATS:

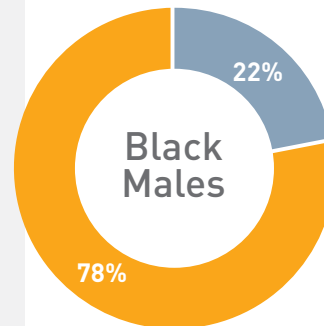
- HBCUs comprise **9%** of the four-year institutions in the state
- Enroll **20%** of all black undergraduates at public and private four-year institutions
- Award **18%** of all bachelor's degrees earned by black students

ENROLLMENT:

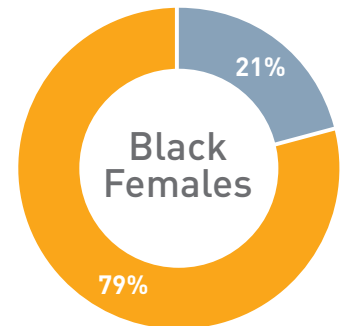
- **15,039**: Total number of black undergraduates enrolled at an HBCU in the state
- **22%**: Percentage of black male undergraduates enrolled at a four-year HBCU in Texas
- **21%**: Percentage of black female undergraduates enrolled at a four-year HBCU in Texas

FOUR-YEAR HBCUs IN TEXAS

- Huston-Tillotson University
- Jarvis Christian College
- Paul Quinn College
- Prairie View A&M University
- St. Philip's College
- Southwestern Christian College
- Texas College
- Texas Southern University
- Wiley College



■ HBCU Students
■ Non-HBCU Students



■ HBCU Students
■ Non-HBCU Students

ECONOMIC IMPACT*:

- Total economic impact: Texas's nine HBCUs generate **\$1.3 billion** in total economic impact.
- Total employment impact: Texas's nine HBCUs generate **11,490 jobs** for their local and regional economy.
- Total lifetime earnings for graduates: The **4,351** Texas HBCU graduates in 2014 can expect total earnings of **\$11.4 billion** over their lifetimes.

*The source of HBCU economic impact data in this report is Humphreys, J. (2017). *HBCUs Make America Strong: The Positive Economic Impact of Historically Black Colleges and Universities*. Washington, DC: UNCF Frederick D. Patterson Institute.